

JPRS 68762

11 March 1977

TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA
No. 514

Reproduced From
Best Available Copy

20000317 104

U. S. JOINT PUBLICATIONS RESEARCH SERVICE

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

Approved for Public Release
Distribution Unlimited

REPRODUCED BY
**NATIONAL TECHNICAL
INFORMATION SERVICE**
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SPRINGFIELD, VA. 22161

A S I A

NOTE

JPRS publications contain information primarily from foreign newspapers, periodicals and books, but also from news agency transmissions and broadcasts. Materials from foreign-language sources are translated; those from English-language sources are transcribed or reprinted, with the original phrasing and other characteristics retained.

Headlines, editorial reports, and material enclosed in brackets [] are supplied by JPRS. Processing indicators such as [Text] or [Excerpt] in the first line of each item, or following the last line of a brief, indicate how the original information was processed. Where no processing indicator is given, the information was summarized or extracted.

Unfamiliar names rendered phonetically or transliterated are enclosed in parentheses. Words or names preceded by a question mark and enclosed in parentheses were not clear in the original but have been supplied as appropriate in context. Other unattributed parenthetical notes within the body of an item originate with the source. Times within items are as given by source.

The contents of this publication in no way represent the policies, views or attitudes of the U.S. Government.

PROCUREMENT OF PUBLICATIONS

JPRS publications may be ordered from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22151. In ordering, it is recommended that the JPRS number, title, date and author, if applicable, of publication be cited.

Current JPRS publications are announced in Government Reports Announcements issued semi-monthly by the National Technical Information Service, and are listed in the Monthly Catalog of U.S. Government Publications issued by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Indexes to this report (by keyword, author, personal names, title and series) are available through Bell & Howell, Old Mansfield Road, Wooster, Ohio, 44691.

Correspondence pertaining to matters other than procurement may be addressed to Joint Publications Research Service, 1000 North Glebe Road, Arlington, Virginia 22201.

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET		1. Report No. JPRS 68762	2.	3. Recipient's Accession No.	
4. Title and Subtitle TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA, No. 514				5. Report Date 11 March 1977	
				6.	
7. Author(s)				8. Performing Organization Rept. No.	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Joint Publications Research Service 1000 North Glebe Road Arlington, Virginia 22201				10. Project/Task/Work Unit No.	
				11. Contract/Grant No.	
12. Sponsoring Organization Name and Address As above				13. Type of Report & Period Covered	
				14.	
15. Supplementary Notes					
16. Abstracts The report contains articles on political, economic, sociological, and government events and developments in North Korea.					
17. Key Words and Document Analysis. 17a. Descriptors North Korea Propaganda Political Science Sociology Economics Culture (Social Sciences) Ethnology					
17b. Identifiers/Open-Ended Terms					
17c. COSATI Field/Group 5D, 5C, 5K					
18. Availability Statement Unlimited Availability. Sold by NTIS Springfield, Va. 22151				19. Security Class (This Report) UNCLASSIFIED	
				21. No. of Pages 67	
				20. Security Class (This Page) UNCLASSIFIED	
				22. Price A04	

11 March 1977

TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA

No. 514

CONTENTS

PAGE

To Become 'Chuche-based Revolutionaries' Is Sacred Duty (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 18 Feb 77).....	1
Importance of Chongsan-Ri Work Method Emphasized (Editorial; Pyongyang Domestic Service, 20 Feb 77).....	5
Newspaper To Register 'Fields of Loyalty' (NODONG CH'ONGNYON, 10 Dec 76).....	9
Soviet Journalist Comments on Korean Situation (KCNA, 18 Feb 77).....	11
ROK 'Revitalized System' Must Be Abolished (KCNA, 18 Feb 77).....	13
Tokyo Meeting Demands Probe Into Japan-S. Korea 'Adhesion' (KCNA, 20 Feb 77).....	15
South Korean Schools and Students Being Repressed (KCNA, various dates).....	16
Expulsion From Campuses Moving of Seoul Schools	
Fascist Tyranny of Pak Regime Scored (KCNA, various dates).....	18
Repression With Tanks Execution Ground of Democracy Persecution of Opponents	
Pak Clique Seeks Split, Ignores Reunification (KCNA, 19 Feb 77).....	23

CONTENTS (Continued)	Page
ROK Laws Obstructing Democracy, Reunification (KCNA, 23 Feb 77).....	25
S. Korean 'New Village Movement' Shows Desperation (KCNA, 22 Feb 77).....	27
Features of DPRK Election System Lauded (KCNA, 23 Feb 77).....	29
DPRK Railway Transport Workers Launch Emulation Drive (KCNA, 19 Feb 77).....	32
KPA Anniversary Celebrated in Foreign Countries (KCNA, various dates).....	34
Tributes to Kim Il-song Cocktails and Films	
Chilean Revolutionaries Send Message to Kim Il-song (KCNA, 20 Feb 77).....	36
KWP Receives Solidarity Message From Benin Party (KCNA, 22 Feb 77).....	38
KWP Greets Congress of Burmese Socialist Program Party (KCNA, 20 Feb 77).....	40
Youth Urged To Find, Cultivate New Land (Editorial; NODONG CH'ONGNYON, 10 Dec 76).....	41
Ch'ongjin-Musan Railroad Electrification Project Completed Ahead of Schedule (NODONG CH'ONGNYON, 23 Jan 77).....	46
Factories Assist Railway Freight Station Construction (Pyongyang Domestic Service, 21 Feb 77).....	52
Biographic Information on DPRK Personalities and Koreans in Japan.....	54
Appearance Lists for DPRK Personalities.....	58

CONTENTS (Continued)

Page

Briefs

Naming of Chollima Plants	62
Truck Transportation	62
Munchon Coal Mine	62
Ore Production	62
Steel Production	63
Wonsan Cargo Work	63
Trailer Production	63
Chongju Railway Maintenance	63
Pyongyang Power Plant	63
Chongchon-Kang Power Plant	63
Greetings to Kuwait	63

ERRATUM: Korean Women Urged To Be More Loyal to Kim Il-song.....	64
--	----

TO BECOME 'CHUCHE-BASED REVOLUTIONARIES' IS SACRED DUTY

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0210 GMT 18 Feb 77 SK

[Explanatory talks: "To Become Chuche-based Revolutionaries Endlessly Loyal to the Great Leader Is the Most Sacred Duty and the Utmost Honor"--part 1 of 2]

[Text] As the party taught us, to become chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the leader constitutes our most sacred duty and highest honor. Let us first think about why this constitutes the most sacred duty and the highest honor for the party members and our workers. This is the case, first of all, because our working class can be faithful to his revolutionary cause by being endlessly loyal to the great leader. As you know, our working class which struggles for and devotes itself to the party, revolution and people, has the struggle goal of constructing socialism and communism under which people can enjoy a better life, the nation can become more prosperous and powerful, and all people can live a full, independent and creative life.

The revolutionary struggle to construct socialism and communism--the ideal of mankind--is, in essence, the struggle to materialize the leader's revolutionary ideology. Consequently without the leader's ideology and leadership we cannot think of the revolutionary cause of the working class, and cannot carry out the construction of communism. The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song is the one who embodies the interests and aspiration of our party, revolution, our working class and people. His instructions constitute the systematic intentions of our party, working class, and people. The aspirations of our working class and people constitute the concerns and wishes of the great leader. His lofty ideology constitutes the will of our party and people. All ideologies and concepts delineated by the leader reflect the interests of the party, working class, and people. The respected and beloved leader has originated the most scientific revolutionary ideology that represents our time and the future of communism, and scientifically delineated the most correct, fundamental line of communist construction, and the strategy and the line of struggle to be steadily maintained in the course of construction.

The great leader, materializing the most sacred ideology for liberation of the working class and mankind, devotes his utmost efforts on behalf of this cause. For this reason the struggle to carry out the great leader's instructions and the party line and policy that embodies the great leader's instructions constitutes a struggle to pursue the interests of the party, working class, and people. Accordingly, by being endlessly loyal to the great leader, our working class can be faithful to their revolutionary cause. To become chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the great leader constitutes our most sacred duty because, in this way, we can carry out the glorious revolutionary cause initiated by the leader from generation to generation.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught us: "Our revolution has not ended and we have many things to do. If the revolutionary cause is not attained in our own generation, we must pass it on to our descendants, thus enabling them to accomplish it in their generation."

We cannot think of our happy condition today apart from the struggle to carry out the great leader's revolutionary cause. And without the task of taking over and completing the revolutionary cause initiated by the great leader, we cannot talk about a prosperous and mighty tomorrow for our fatherland. It is a revolutionary aspiration and urgent desire of our party members and workers that we continue to struggle for and brilliantly accomplish the revolutionary cause put forward by the great leader, and to construct on this land a socialist and communist society--the ideal of mankind. The revolutionary cause of the great leader, the revolutionary cause of chuche will not be accomplished in our generation but will be carried forward from generation to generation and accomplished continually. In order to carry out and accomplish the revolutionary cause delineated by the respected and beloved leader, the revolutionary cause of chuche--the very aspiration and desire of our people--we must prepare and become chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the leader. By doing so we can accomplish the revolutionary cause delineated by the great leader--the revolutionary cause of chuche--most perfectly, thoroughly, from generation to generation, and in accordance with his intention and desire. This is one of the reasons that we say becoming chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the great leader is our most sacred duty.

Why does it constitute our highest honor that we become chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the great leader? This is, first of all, because our party and our people cherish the respected and beloved Comrade Kim Il-song as the great leader, and live under his leadership. The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song is the greatest leader our people have had in our history of thousands of years, and therefore we cherish him as the great leader. To our people there is nothing more honorable and prideful than cherishing the respected and beloved Comrade Kim Il-song as leader, endlessly respecting and admiring him, and endlessly being loyal to him.

In the past our people encountered great trials and difficulties due to the fact that we did not have a great leader. However, when the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song took the revolutionary lead, at last our people's desire to have a great leader was fulfilled. At this point the history of national tribulation ended [as heard], the dawn of Korean revolution was in sight, and a new turningpoint for socialism and communism was marked.

By cherishing the great leader and marching under the flag of immortal chuche-thought, our party has become the most authoritative party in our times, our fatherland has become a most majestic nation, and our people have become the happiest people on earth. Being led by the great leader, our republic has become an independent, majestic, self-reliant, self-defensible, mighty socialist nation whose brightness is radiated to the world. Our party's proud yesterday and today have been made possible thanks to the great leader. It is, therefore, all the more the case that our people will have a brighter future and the ultimate victory of the Korean revolution will be attained only when we pursue and follow the line delineated by the leader. Consequently, it constitutes our utmost honor and pleasure that, firmly united and rallied around the great leader, upholding his instructions, we are loyal to him from generation to generation. By being endlessly loyal to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, we can have a decisive guarantee for the ultimate victory of our revolution and our people, and the ceaseless prosperity of our fatherland. Also, becoming chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the great leader is our highest honor because we can possess most lofty ideological, spiritual and moral features that communists must possess only when we become chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the great leader. Chuche-based revolutionaries are the true, communist revolutionary fighters who have reached the highest level not only in ideological but also in spiritual and moral aspects. To become true, chuche-based revolutionaries means that we firmly arm ourselves with the great chuche-thought that represents our times and the future of communism, and possess a communist aspect, revolutionary working methods, and popular working styles that true revolutionaries must possess. The ideological and spiritual features that should be possessed by true revolutionaries of the respected and beloved leader, chuche-based revolutionaries, are the communist aspect, the revolutionary working methods, and popular working styles advanced by the great leader. The great leader is, in our times, a model of revolutionary and communist features. The revolutionary working methods and popular work styles of the leader are examples that should be followed by the revolutionaries and communists of the chuche age. Accordingly, learning from the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is a duty of the chuche-based revolutionaries--true revolutionaries of the leader--and there is nothing more glorious than learning from and following the leader.

Another reason that becoming chuche-based revolutionaries endlessly loyal to the great leader is our highest honor, is that, by becoming true chuche-based revolutionaries we can ceaselessly cherish and glorify the most precious political life given by the leader. As the party center taught us,

to possess the political life given by the great leader constitutes our highest honor, and the way to glorify political life is that we faithfully repay the leader's political trust. As we know, the political life possessed by our people is the political life personally given and fostered by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, and it is, taking the leader's great revolutionary ideology as unitary ideological, spiritual sustenance, the endlessly precious and noble political life that is maintained and fostered in the revolutionary system which he originated and leads. The political life given by the great leader can only be glorified in the course of carrying out the glorious revolutionary cause which he initiated.

Chuche-based revolutionaries are true revolutionary fighters who devote themselves to revolutionary struggles to carry out the revolutionary cause initiated by the leader, while endlessly cherishing the respected and beloved leader. Therefore, the precious political life given by the great leader must be glorified through the rewarding struggle of carrying out the revolutionary cause of chuche. Indeed, cherishing the precious political life given by the great leader, living and struggling as revolutionary fighters endlessly loyal to him, constitute our people's utmost honor, and greatest happiness and pride.

CSO: 4908

IMPORTANCE OF CHONGSAN-RI WORK METHOD EMPHASIZED

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2300 GMT 20 Feb 77 SK

[21 February NODONG SINMUN editorial: "Let Us Work in Accordance With the Great Chongsan-ri Method"]

[Excerpts] Today when we are launching a vigorous struggle to brilliantly carry out this year's militant tasks, upholding the great leader's New Year address, we mark the 17th anniversary of the occasion on which the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song personally conducted on-the-spot guidance at Chongsan-ri and created the great Chongsan-ri spirit and method.

Looking back on the historical days when the respected and beloved leader created the great Chongsan-ri spirit and method, and devoted great efforts and special care to establishing a chuche-type work method, our functionaries today are burning with a firm determination to energetically learn the Chongsan-ri method.

The Chongsan-ri method, which embodies the respected and beloved leader's immortal chuche ideology and the brilliant revolutionary mass line based on this ideology, in indeed a comprehensive great work method embodying the theory, method and experience of leading the masses created by the leader in the course of the difficult and complicated revolutionary struggle which took place over a long period of time.

The Chongsan-ri work method was achieved only by the extraordinary wisdom and excellent revolutionary leadership theory of the leader, the rich experience and countless labor of the leader in the course of his on-the-spot guidance during the arduous periods, and the lofty moral character of the leader in devoting himself to the good of the people.

The Chongsan-ri method is the most revolutionary and popular work method created and personally set forth by the leader in the course of organizing and studying all party and state activity, including that involving the military, politics, the economy and culture. The Chongsan-ri method is

essentially the placing of emphasis on benefitting the people and, therefore, in a *chuche*-type work method in which the functionaries immerse themselves in the masses, live with them, resolve all problems with the efforts and wisdom of the people and thus foster a spirit of self reliance and creativity among them.

The creation of the leader's work method which is the Chongsan-ri method has provided a most scientific tool for leading the masses, enabling our party and people to solve all the difficult and hard work arising in all phases and fields of the revolutionary struggle and socialist construction.

The Chongsan-ri spirit and method have effected a great turning point in the overall economic work of the party and state. By thoroughly turning the party work into work conducted with people as its object, through the realization of the Chongsan-ri spirit and method, our party has been able to firmly unite the broad masses around the great leader, and to develop the party into one firmly armed with class awareness, and thus further enhance the party's leadership.

The Chongsan-ri spirit and method have opened a new road of economic management based on the mass line and, accordingly, marked a new revolutionary turning point in the guidance and management of the industries and the rural economy.

Under present conditions in which party policies are correct and mass revolutionary zeal is burning very brightly, the decisive key to the success in the revolution and construction depends upon how the work methods and spirit of the functionaries can be improved. The thorough application of the work method of the great leader, which is the Chongsan-ri method, is an important task in inheriting the *chuche*-ideology. Therefore, all functionaries must adopt the Chongsan-ri method of the great leader so that they can vigorously fulfill the *chuche* ideology set forth by the great leader.

While attaching special significance to the problems of work methods and work habits, from now on our party demands that all functionaries of the party and the state economy, based on the successes already attained in their work, must continuously and more deeply learn the great leader's work method, the Chongsan-ri work method.

In order to help the functionaries of the lower party echelons, in accordance with the demand of the Chongsan-ri spirit and method, it is important that the functionaries of the higher party echelons plan and conduct work in the style of the anti-Japanese guerrillas. In a socialist economy in which all economic sectors are closely linked, the functionaries of higher party echelons must assist the work of lower party echelons and resolve the problems facing these lower echelons by thoroughly planning and organizing their work in advance. In order to do so, the functionaries

of the higher party echelons must vigorously act like the commanders of the anti-Japanese guerrilla units in the past.

Upholding the great leader's teachings, the commanders of the anti-Japanese guerrilla units actively planned and organized their work even under the worst circumstances and resolved all the difficult and complicated problems smoothly, thus achieving infinite success in their work under all unfavorable conditions. Accordingly, all higher echelon functionaries must actively help the lower echelon functionaries, and accelerate our continuous march by following the brilliant model displayed by the anti-Japanese guerrilla unit commanders, efficiently planning their work in conformity with the infinitely changing situation and mobilizing and utilizing all available potential.

To correctly understand the party policies and to have an effective method for carrying out the policies serve as an important key to the successful accomplishment of all work. Today, when a large quantity of work confronts us everywhere, we can not labor effectively nor we can help our lower echelon people without using a correct method. For this reason the higher echelon functionaries must always mingle deeply with the lower functionaries, in order to study and determine, with these lower echelon functionaries, a correct method. By doing so, they can help the lower echelon functionaries smoothly execute their work in a substantial manner.

All functionaries, whenever the party policies are presented, must endeavor to find a method to carry out the policies. At the same time they assign a task to lower functionaries, the higher echelon functionaries must also teach the method for accomplishing the task. They must mingle deeply with the masses with a correct method of actively conducting organizational and political work, in order to successfully fulfill the assigned tasks among the masses.

To deeply and correctly analyze the realities and establish correct measures is one of the requirements of the great leader's work method, which is the Chongsan-ri method, and is a prerequisite for the scientific and reasonable management of the people's economy.

If we want to operate and manage the factories scientifically and to farm scientifically, we must deeply grasp and understand the real situation involved. Without doing so, we cannot correctly analyze the work and, accordingly, we are not entitled to speak to the masses or give them guidance regarding the work.

All functionaries must deeply probe the reality and grasp and understand the organizational and ideological activities of the masses in a substantial manner. At the same time they must not subjectively and unrealistically judge the given work.

The great Chongsan-ri method is, indeed, a revolutionary work method for the working people to successfully accomplish their assigned revolutionary

duties with a high political awareness and zeal as the masters of the country. This method is also a method of political work in which we can find the key to the settlement of all problems, through respect for human beings and ideology.

It is indeed important to mark a new turning point in our working methods and, particularly, in correctly establishing the ideological view and stand of the functionaries by learning the great leader's work method which is the Chongsan-ri method.

Those faithful functionaries who are burning with zeal and resolve to work for the great leader and the party can learn the revolutionary work method of the great leader.

All functionaries must eliminate all outmoded work methods in a manner worthy of the leading functionaries who are receiving the guidance of our party and become real and genuine functionaries who willingly accept the great leader's work method. All functionaries must keep in mind the fact that they are from the people, that they are the faithful servants of the people, that they are functionaries of the party and that they devote themselves to the good of the people.

All functionaries in the party and in the field of the people's economy must take great pride in possessing the Chongsan-ri method, which is definitely an infinite glory of our people. All functionaries in the party and in the field of the people's economy must learn the great leader's work method in response to the demand of the party and, thus, must accelerate the three revolutions and further expedite the tasks of socialism and communism.

CSO: 4908

NEWSPAPER TO REGISTER 'FIELDS OF LOYALTY'

Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 10 Dec 76 p 1

[Editorial Announcement by the NODONG CH'ONGNYON Editorial Committee:
"Registration of Youth Fields of Loyalty"]

[Text] In the coming year we will celebrate the most auspicious event of our people--the 65th birthday of the great leader.

In anticipation of this happy holiday, the gifts of loyalty movement, to give joy to the great leader and to the glorious Party Center, is now being carried out vigorously among SWYL members and youth of the entire nation.

In particular, the youth fields of loyalty movement is being vigorously carried out on a new and higher level among SWYL members and youth in the agricultural sector.

Having set the goal of loyalty--to perform with purely social labor all the agricultural work, from finding the new land and setting up youth fields of loyalty to cultivating them as fields which serve as a model of how to implement the chuche agricultural method, harvesting the grains and then offering all the grains produced on them as gifts of loyalty to give joy to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center--they are now achieving astonishing results, beginning with finding new lands and producing fertilizers.

The youth fields of loyalty movement is also vigorously spreading among the working youth and among those who are students.

In order to encourage to an even greater extent the youth fields of loyalty movement, which is vigorously being carried out among the SWYL members and youth of the entire nation, the Editorial Committee of NODONG CH'ONGNYON has now set up a "Youth Fields of Loyalty Registration Column" and is administering the registration:

1. Youth fields of loyalty to be registered are basically those representing newly found land and which have been cultivated entirely by SWYL members and youth using pure social labor.

2. Registration is to be accomplished by a written application submitted by a primary-level SWYL committee, which is to be completed as per the procedures provided in the registration recommendation form.

3. On the registration recommendation form the primary-level unit number, SWYL number, and area of the youth field of loyalty created from newly found land must be indicated, along with pertinent information concerning the struggle.

4. Registration recommendation forms should be sent directly to either the SWYL Central Committee or to the NODONG CH'ONGNYON Editorial Committee.

9062

CSO: 4908

SOVIET JOURNALIST COMMENTS ON KOREAN SITUATION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1559 GMT 18 Feb 77 OW

[Excerpts] Pyongyang, 18 Feb, (KCNA)--A recent issue of the Soviet magazine INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS carried travel notes on Korea by L. Kalyadin under the heading "In Korea, 'a Land of Morning Calm.'" [passage omitted on "beautiful scenery," history, economic and social developments]

Saying that the most pressing national task of the Korean people is to reunify the divided country, the author went on:

We Soviet journalists had an opportunity to visit the demarcation line separating Korea into the north and the south and the Panmunjom area, in particular.

The car carrying us stopped in front of a white-washed house. There the armistice talks were held.

There the U.S. Army "commander" Clark said: "I gained the unenviable distinction of being the first United States Army commander in history to sign an armistice without victory."

Despite the efforts of the government of the DPRK, the situation on the Korean peninsula remains tense. One of the reasons is the presence of foreign troops abusing the UN flag in south Korea. They are used as a tool for interfering in the internal affairs of the Korean people. In south Korea there are over 40,000 U.S. troops and U.S. military bases where tactical nuclear weapons are stockpiled.

The south Korean puppet regime and its patrons across the ocean are steadily heightening the tension and threatening to start a war. Dictator Pak Chong-hui, trying to hold on in reliance upon the troops of the foreign country, is making every effort to perpetuate the presence of the foreign troops in south Korea. Under the pretext of the "threat of invasion from the north," the south Korean rulers are further whipping up a war fever.

The south Korean "regime" is resorting to large-scale terrorism.

Reflecting the will of the entire Korean people, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has been making consistent, tireless efforts to achieve the peaceful and democratic reunification of the country without any outside interference. The five-point policy put forward for this by President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea, in June 1973 carries weighty importance. Earlier, at the initiative of the government of the DPRK, direct talks between delegates of the north and the south started in the summer of 1972. The north-south coordination commission was formed.

But all the initiatives are persistently opposed by the south Korean authorities.

The stand of the DPRK on the reunification question is supported by all people who value peace, progress and freedom. This is proved by the fact that the 30th session of the United Nations General Assembly called for urgent measures for the settlement of the Korean question. The resolution submitted by 43 countries including the Soviet Union and approved at the session particularly calls for the immediate withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea.

The Soviet Union has all along resolutely supported and is supporting the just cause of the Korean people and the efforts of the DPRK to reunify the country in a peaceful and democratic way without outside interference.

Characterizing the Democratic People's Republic of Korea "a land of morning calm," today all people more frequently say that it is a changed country, a changed society. Socialist Korea is full-bodied, growing and being constructed. Her characteristics are the high labor enthusiasm, enterprising spirit and energy of the people in the socialist construction.

CSO: 4920

ROK 'REVITALIZED SYSTEM' MUST BE ABOLISHED

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1100 GMT 18 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 18 Feb, (KCNA)--The "revitalized system," a hideous fascist repressive system, must be abolished.

So stressed NODONG SINMUN 17 February in an article dealing with the mounting struggle of the people in south Korea against the military fascist dictatorship of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique and for the democratization of society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The article noted that at the murderous court of south Korea the publishers of "the declaration for democracy and national salvation" held high the banner of anti-fascism and democracy, calling for the abolition of the "revitalized constitution" and the overthrow of the "revitalized dictatorship," and pungently denounced the crimes of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique, turning the murderous trial into a tribunal for passing a judgement upon the scoundrels.

The article said:

This is the justifiable resentment and resistance of the south Korean people who have clearly seen through the criminal nature of the "revitalized system" in their actual life and a logical result of the fascist "revitalized" dictatorship the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique set up at the point of the bayonet through the so-called "October revitalization."

The article went on: Pak Chong-hui the puppet, seeing the colonial military fascist ruling system in the grip of a crisis in face of the massive advance of the people desirous of reunification, staged a masquerade called the "October revitalization" for long-term office, seized all powers in south Korea, arbitrarily revised the "constitution" and emerged as a truculent fascist dictator depriving the people of their property and lives at will.

Having thoroughly covered the whole area of south Korea with the army, police, intelligence and special agent networks to ruthlessly suppress the south Korean people opposed to his treacherous acts and maneuvers to stay in power indefinitely, Pak Chong-hui the traitor has trumped up or retrogressively revised more than 3,000 draconic laws since the "October revitalization."

Noting that under these fascist evil laws the puppet clique arrested, imprisoned, penalized and murdered a countless number of democratic person-ages of different strata, youths and students and people in south Korea, the article continued:

Trampling underfoot even the elementary norms of democracy, they seal up all activities of the political opponents by dint of power and money, indiscriminately arrest and barbarously torture even "leaders" of opposition parties and "National Assembly members" whom they dislike and force submission upon them.

The puppet clique sent secret agents abroad to spirit away a political figure in exile, arrested and brought him before the murderous court. This naked international gangsterism well shows how vicious they are in getting rid of the political opposition forces.

Further, Pak Chong-hui the rascal issued "emergency decrees" one after another and resorted to the unheard-of military fascist outrage of mobilizing heavily armed puppet troops, armored cars and tanks for the suppression of campus and directs the spearhead of suppression to putting down the people's discourse on reunification at the point of the bayonet.

The article noted that since they trumped up the "revitalized system" the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique, frantically crying for "anti-communism" and "prevail-over-communism," have incited north-south confrontation and maliciously sought the permanent split of the nation and mobilized all the human and material resources of south Korea to accelerate war preparations.

The article further said:

All these facts eloquently prove that the "revitalized system" is the most hideous one-man dictatorial system set up by Pak Chong-hui the puppet through the fascist masquerade of the "October revitalization" to "legalize" his stay in power for an indefinite period and seize unlimited power, a system for intensifying the fascist suppression of the south Korean people, an undisguised system of national split for perpetuating the division and an anti-national war system for realizing the wild dream of "unification by prevailing over communism."

The south Korean people who have clearly realized the vicious nature of the "revitalized system" will not overlook the fascist suppression and the nation-splitting machinations intensified by the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique under the signboard of "revitalization" but will definitely put an end to their shameless colonial fascist rule.

TOKYO MEETING DEMANDS PROBE INTO JAPAN-S. KOREA 'ADHESION'

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0817 GMT 20 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Tokyo, 18 Feb, (KNS-KCNA)--A "meeting demanding a thorough probe into the dark adhesion between Japan and south Korea" was held in Tokyo on 15 February under the co-sponsorship of the Japan-Korea Association and the Tokyo Metropolitan Federation of the Japan-Korea Association.

The meeting was attended by members of the sponsor organizations and many representatives of citizens organizations.

Addressing the meeting first, Katsushige Matsui, representative director of the Japan-Korea Association, expressed the resolution to unfold a powerful movement against the dark adhesion between Japan and south Korea by mobilizing many democratic organizations.

Shozo Hasegawa, Socialist member of the House of Representatives, and Atsushi Hashimoto, Communist member of the House of Councillors, also made speeches at the meeting.

Shozo Hasegawa said that he would fully expose the Japan-south Korea adhesion, call the Japanese Government to account for its attitude toward the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from south Korea and from Japan and resolutely struggle in active support of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, the desire of the Korean people.

Atsushi Hashimoto called upon the Japanese people to unite strength in exposing the Japan-south Korea adhesion and extending active support to the struggle of the south Korean people against the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The meeting adopted a "resolution demanding a thorough probe into the Japan-south Korea adhesion" addressed to the prime minister of Japan.

Noting that the dark adhesion between Japan and south Korea is closely linked with the acceleration of the U.S.-Japan-south Korea military coordination, the resolution strongly demanded a thorough investigation into the corrupt relations between Japan and south Korea and the "Lockheed" scandal, the reinstatement of Kim Tae-chung and the expulsion of the agents of the south Korean "Central Intelligence Agency" who are aggressing upon the sovereignty of Japan.

SOUTH KOREAN SCHOOLS AND STUDENTS BEING REPRESSED

Expulsion From Campuses

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1551 GMT 24 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 24 Feb, (KCNA)--MINJU CHOSON in a commentary today notes that the criminal maneuvers of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique against campuses are a part of their desperate attempt to seal up beforehand the campus struggle for democracy and thereby prevent the smouldering anti-"government" sentiments of the people from flaring up into a mass struggle.

It says: With the approach of the new school term the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique are expelling many students from campus on the excuse that "their school records are poor" and have raised by a wide margin the "tuition fees" and "registration fees" at schools of all levels as part of their vicious attempt to remove the democratic forces from campus.

Pointing out that the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique have shackled the students to the notorious "students homeland defense corps," a military fascist organization, and covered the schools with military, police, intelligence and special agent networks to block the campus struggle against fascism and for democracy, the commentary continues:

The puppets have placed every student under the surveillance of 3-4 secret agents and introduced the vicious "student card system" to watch every move of the students, desperately trying to remove the progressive students from campus.

In deciding [word as received] the school records of the students, they put main emphasis on the "anti-communist" subject.

In the two school terms last year the puppets kicked out of the schools over 12,000 students on the excuse of their "poor school records," most of whom were blacklisted by the "Central Intelligence Agency" [as received].

In particular, the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique have markedly raised the "tuition fees" and "registration fees" at schools of all levels to impose an unbearable, heavy economic burden upon and expel sons and daughters of the toiling masses who are most discontent with the fascist rule.

The commentary notes that the [words indistinct] are all (?the more) unscrupulous in their criminal maneuvers with the approach of the new school term, because the south Korean students have always struggled in the van of the [words indistinct], holding the torch of struggle against fascism and for democracy.

The commentary stresses:

With no vicious trick or desperate efforts can the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique hold in check the struggle of the south Korean students (?with) a strong sense of justice against fascism and for democracy.

Moving of Seoul Schools

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1529 GMT 21 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 21 Feb, (KCNA)--The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique plan to move high schools, colleges and universities in the heart of Seoul to the outskirts of the city south of the Han-gang River, according to a report.

This is aimed to remove the theater of the students' struggle and disperse and disunite their fighting ranks.

It is also designed to prevent ordinary citizens discontent with the "government" from joining the anti-fascist struggle of students and thus eliminate the danger of it being developed into a large-scale united mass struggle.

The puppets have already moved the Seoul University to the Kwanak District, south of the Ham-gang River, and are strengthening watch and suppression of it. But the antifascist struggle of the Seoul University students, the solidarity struggle of the students of other universities and colleges supporting it and the support and encouragement of citizens of all walks of life are steadily gaining in strength.

CSO: 4920

FASCIST TYRANNY OF PAK REGIME SCORED

Repression With Tanks

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1547 GMT 18 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 18 Feb, (KCNA)--Today the south Korean people are lifting up their voices in denouncing the fascist tyranny of the Pak Chong-hui puppet regime, a group of the most ferocious fascist elements in the world, and strongly demanding the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique to step down from "power."

Such voices are ringing out loud also from among political and public circles.

This is by no means accidental. It is not only one class or stratum that is undergoing misfortunes and sufferings under the fascist terror rule of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique.

What the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique have done over the past 16 years since they usurped the puppet power, suppressing the people who overthrew the Syngman Rhee traitorous regime at the cost of their precious blood is only most hideous, ferocious and shameless tyranny.

The Pak Chong-hui fascist clique made their way to the puppet regime by repressing with tanks the mass movement of the people for national reunification that raged like a wild fire all over south Korea.

In order to stay in their ill-famed power they committed every conceivable despicable and shameless swindle, fraudulence and gangsterism from the deceptive farce of "transfer of power to civilians" to change their military uniforms into civilian clothes to the "constitutional amendment for the third term election."

When all this proved futile they went the length of carrying out the "October revitalization," completely turning the whole of south Korea into a living hell under the sway of fascist terrorism.

Not a day passes by in south Korea without the invocation of the "emergency martial law," "garrison order," "state of emergency" and "emergency measures" and without a wholesale arrest, political trial and arrest, detention, torture and murder of patriots, democratic personages and guiltless people.

The Pak Chong-hui gang recently murdered numerous south Korean patriots, democratic personages and students or inflicted heavy penalties upon them on charges of the involvement in such faked-up cases as the "case of the people's revolutionary party," "the case of the National Federation of Youth and Students for Democracy," the "campus spying case," the "case of the Declaration for Democracy and National Salvation" and a number of other "cases."

The south Korean puppet clique have committed such brutalities as kidnapping, persecuting and trying even democratic figures residing abroad.

The democratic political parties, public organizations and press organs have been suppressed and outlawed; conscientious pressmen, writers, artists, professors and students expelled from their offices and schools; and schools have turned into drill grounds.

The fascist hangmen have put down with tanks the movement of the students for democracy and declared a political vacation to close the universities and colleges.

The south Korean puppets cooked up the "south Korea-Japan agreements" to pave the way for the Japanese aggressors' reinvasion of south Korea after binding the people hand and foot and hurled south Korean youth and middle-aged into the battlefields of the war of aggression in south Vietnam to force them to die a dog's death as bullet shields of the U.S. imperialists. They are inducing foreign monopoly capital into south Korea, leaving the economic arteries of south Korea at its disposal.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique introduced into south Korea even the pollution industry of Japan and oil dregs, her industrial refuse, rejected there as "rubbish" for a few dollars [passage as received], thus polluting the environment of south Korea. After declaring the "prostitution tourism" a "state enterprise" they openly committed the unpardonable criminal act of forcing women to sell their chastity.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique are a most vicious fascist group which has committed without hesitation an unheard-of fascist tyranny.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique will certainly meet a stern judgement of history for their fascist tyranny.

Execution Ground of Democracy

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1603 GMT 19 Feb 77 OW

[Report on 19 February NODONG SINMUN article]

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Feb, (KCNA)--The harsh fascist tyranny of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique trampling down human dignity proves that the desperation of the puppet clique on their last legs has reached the zenith.

The people will never pardon these ferocious fascist hangmen and certainly mete out a stern judgement to them.

NODONG SINMUN today stresses this in an article exposing the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique's crime in having reduced south Korea to an execution ground of democracy.

The article says:

As soon as the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique staged a military coup 16 years ago with the backing of the U.S. imperialists, they proclaimed "anti-communism" their primary "state policy," posted fascist terrorists in all power organs and rendered them more tyrannical, placed the whole of the southern land under the sway of suppressive networks and fascist evil laws.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique now have 700,000 puppet troops, over 400,000 political agents, more than 2,600 police organs, over 300,000 police agents and more than 5,000 evil laws. This [word indistinct] force is the biggest in the world in ratio to the area and population of south Korea.

Recalling that the puppets' fascist tyranny reached the zenith with the "October revitalization" as a momentum, the article goes on:

The "revitalization system" aimed to maintain the one-man fascist dictatorship of puppet Pak Chong-hui, forces the masses of people to fall a sacrifice to the tyrannical power in south Korea.

The barbarous suppression committed by the puppets since the "revitalization" farce is characterized by the unending fascist offensive against patriots, democratic figures and innocent inhabitants, and arrest without warrant, surveillance, intimidation, shadowing, kidnapping, a wholesale round-up and political trials.

The Pak Chong-hui puppets' policy of medieval suppression is, needless to say, aimed to emasculate and stamp out the patriotic and democratic forces of south Korea and realize their long-term office, the article notes, and continues:

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique have used such faked-up "cases" as the "case of the people's revolutionary party" as a pretext for suppressing patriotic democratic forces. They resorted to this tricky method with increased frenzy each time the struggle against fascism and for democracy mounted in south Korea and the fascist rule faced a serious crisis.

The Pak Chong-hui fascist clique who placed south Korea under the sway of fascism are shameless enough to advocate "south Korean-style democracy" and clamor that "small freedom" should be sacrificed for "big freedom."

If they are upright in their acts, why do they force the people to sacrifice their freedom, increase suppressive tools all over south Korea, enact evil laws at random, commit a wholesale round-up, torture people, stage political trials against them and inflict penalties upon them and murder them?

The article goes on:

The south Korean puppets are reducing south Korea to a desolate cemetery of freedom and democracy because they have committed unpardonable crimes against the nation. They are turning south Korea into a concentration camp without iron bars, a huge prison and drenching it with the blood of the people because they fear the justice-loving people more than fire.

In conclusion the article emphasizes:

The south Korean people's curses and resentment against the fascist clique are piercing into the sky and world public condemnation of the fascist tyranny of the puppets and their outrageous violation of human rights is growing stronger.

Persecution of Opponents

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 GMT 21 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 21 Feb, (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN Sunday in a commentary brands the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique's crackdown upon opposition figures of south Korea as the sword-brandishing of those facing a crisis and a move to seal up the mouths of all the opposition forces.

It was reported that the Pak Chong-hui fascist hangmen at a murderous trial staged in the puppet Seoul District Court on the 16th imposed penal servitude upon eight personages on groundless charges of "spreading false rumors."

The gangsters recently sentenced several pastors and evangelists of south Korea to heavy penalties for the mere reason that they read the "Declaration for Democracy and National Salvation" made public by Seoul students.

On the seventh the hoodlums arrested two "leading members" of the new Democratic Party, an opposition party, for no reason.

The commentary dismisses the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique's fascist outrage as an epileptic fit to quell the daily mounting sentiments of the south Korean people to fight against fascism and for democracy and wipe out their political opponents to the last one.

Recalling that traitor Pak Chong-hui recently forced the people to sacrifice their freedom for what he calls "south Korean-style democracy" and "existence" and blustered that "those who fail to understand this are liable to a severe punishment," the commentary notes: This suffices it to show how desperately the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique are seeking a way out in fascist tyranny.

The harsher their suppression, the stronger the south Korean people's resistance, the commentary adds, and continues:

The south Korean puppets are intensifying their fascist repression at a time when their harsh fascist tyranny has become the target of criticism even by the U.S. ruling quarters, to say nothing of the world's democratic public circles. This will only give rise to stronger condemnation of them and precipitate the final destruction of the puppet clique.

CSO: 4920

PAK CLIQUE SEEKS SPLIT, IGNORES REUNIFICATION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1614 GMT 19 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Feb, (KCNA)--It is another unpardonable crime of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique to seek permanent split and lead the situation of our country to the brink of war, ignoring the desire of the nation for reunification.

To keep themselves in "power" the puppets have obstructed by hook or by crook the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and shown extra zeal in heightening the barrier between the north and the south.

Even after they showed up at the conference room to have dialogue with us designed for the solution of the reunification question under the pressure of the public sentiments demanding reunification, they systematically violated the north-south joint statement, incited confrontation with us and eventually came out with the "two Koreas" policy, bringing the dialogue itself to a rupture.

The "October revitalization" row kicked up by the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique after proclaiming a "martial law" in south Korea during the north-south dialogue proved that the dialogue with us was needed to them only as a camouflage for consolidating their foothold for a long-term office.

This was made clearer when they, behind the screen of the dialogue, desperately kicked up an "anti-communist" racket, rigged up one war-time evil law after another, crying for "national harmony" and "security," and committed a more extensive and vicious fascist offensive against the patriotic democratic forces aspiring after social democracy and the reunification of the country.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique are making a noisy play of hypocritical phrases about "the resumption of the dialogue" in an attempt to evade the responsibility for the rupture of the dialogue and mislead public opinion. But this is a foolish ruse.

They seek to prolong the division of the country indefinitely by gaining time behind the curtain of the dialogue in twanging the harp of "the resumption of the dialogue" while working themselves into "anti-communist" hysterics, trampling upon the agreed points of the north-south joint statement, and even bringing forward the proposal for the "simultaneous admission to the UN" of north and south Korea to have the division of Korea internationally recognized.

The machinations of the puppets to perpetuate division and their pro-American flunkeyist treacheries were brought into bolder relief by the fact that they entreated their American masters to leave the U.S. imperialist forces of aggression permanently in south Korea and turn a blind eye to the violation of human rights in south Korea, even paying larger bribes to them.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique have made colossal payments also to the Japanese reactionary ruling circles to tighten their dirty adhesion with them.

Paying lip-service to "clean-up of corruption" and "liquidation of irregularities," the puppets misappropriate a large amount of people's property and "treasury funds" through swindle.

It is a well-known fact that the puppet reactionary ruling circles grabbed hundreds of thousands of millions of won through the "four big scandals" and many other swindles, the political fund scandal connected with "property claim against [word indistinct] and "political contribution by the Gulf Oil," puppet Pak Chong-hui himself heading the list.

All this clearly indicates that the Pak Chong-hui puppet gang is a group of most despicable flunkeyist-traitors, a group of most hateful bellicose elements, a group of splittists and a group of big swindlers.

Owing to the flunkeyist treacheries of the puppets, today in south Korea everything is controlled by foreign aggressors and even the dignity of the nation is trampled underfoot.

Due to their splitting maneuvers, the blood vein of the nation is in danger of being cut for good and all, and peace in Korea is gravely jeopardized by their (?moves).

If the treacherous acts of the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique are left to go unchecked, neither the democratization of south Korean society or the reunification of the country is possible nor can peace be preserved and consolidated in Korea.

This is the reason why the anti-Pak Chong-hui sentiments are growing day by day among the people of all strata and democratic figures and the voice demanding the step-down of puppet Pak Chong-hui is ringing louder in south Korea.

ROK LAWS OBSTRUCTING DEMOCRACY, REUNIFICATION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1602 GMT 23 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 23 Feb, (KCNA)--The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique are working desperately to carry into practice their "two Koreas" policy and war policy at all costs by ruthlessly putting down the desire of the south Korean people for the democratization of society and the reunification of the country and militarizing and fascistizing south Korean society.

The main instrument employed by the fascist bandits to attain this unpardonable criminal aim is the enactment and invocation of fascist evil laws.

Among the draconic laws for mercilessly suppressing the movement for the democratization of south Korean society and the country's reunification there are such "wartime laws" as the "Social Security Law," "Civil Defense Law," "Defense Tax Law" and "Amendment to the Criminal Code" which were fabricated before and after the proclamation of "Emergency Decree No 9," the unheard-of military repressive decree which is virtually not different from the "Proclamation of a State of Emergency."

Through "Emergency Decree No 9" cooked up in a burglarious way under the name of the "Defense of State Security and Public Order," the Pak Chong-hui fascist bandits banned all speeches and acts critical of their treacherous acts. The "decree" prescribes that those who "violate" it shall be punished by "penal servitude" and be "dismissed or expelled," and organizations to which they belong shall be "suspended or closed down." The decree "legalizes" even the mobilization of the puppet army for the suppression of people.

This proves that "Emergency Decree No 9" is the most vicious and rigorous decree of military repression.

The "Social Security Law" trumped up by the fascist clique after the proclamation of a "State of Emergency" is a medieval law totally depriving the political prisoners of their human rights under the name of "security."

Under this evil law the Pak Chong-hui clique are suppressing numerous people, who were already penalized on charges of violation of various murderous laws, on the unreasonable pretext of "protection and watch" and "restriction of residence" for "preventing repetition of offenses."

The military hooligans cooked up such severe wartime laws as the "Civil Defense Law" and "Defense Tax Law."

Under the "Civil Defense Law" they are indiscriminately enrolling in the "civil defense corps" people aging from 17 to 50 and "technicians and skilled workers" to the age of 60.

The Pak Chong-hui fascist clique are bleeding the south Korean people white through the "Defense Tax Law" to cover expenses for the maintenance of the military fascist dictatorship and snowballing military spendings.

The Pak Chong-hui fascist gang also "amended the criminal code," revised the "laws on education," cooked up a "guide to emergency duty" and other evil laws and emergency measures one after another, further militarizing and fascistizing south Korean society.

By invoking these evil laws the fascist bandits inflicted harsh penalties on Kim Tae-chung and other publishers of "The Declaration for Democracy and National Salvation" and penalized many personages of various strata for the reason that they supported the "Declaration."

The puppets rigged up the "campus spying case" and committed without hesitation the criminal act of confirming the death sentence passed upon Paek Ok-kwang and Kim Chol-hyon and imposing heavy penalties upon many other people on charges of involvement in this "case."

Some time ago they inflicted a heavy penalty upon Kim Chi-ha, a conscientious poet who opposed fascism and called for democracy, and arrested his mother. This fully shows that the wartime laws of the puppet clique are unpardonable murderous laws challenging the south Korean people who demand the democratization of society and national reunification, and fair public opinion of the world.

CSO: 4920

S. KOREAN 'NEW VILLAGE MOVEMENT' SHOWS DESPERATION

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1018 GMT 22 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 22 Feb, (KCNA)--The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique of traitors launched the burlesque of "new village movement" in south Korea, claiming that it is a "movement for spiritual remolding," "modernization movement," "movement for unification" and "movement for better living" and are now getting feverish in their attempt to bind the people hand and foot behind its curtain.

The "new village movement," a "government"-controlled fascist farce, is a product of the desperate bid of the puppets for shoring up the foothold of the tottering terror rule.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique intend, above all, to appease and fool the south Korean people, lull their resistance and prop up the foothold of the shaky terror rule.

Suffice it to recall the protestations of the wretches that the poverty of the people is ascribable to their lack of the "spirit of revitalization" and "spirit of obeying laws" and that the "new village movement" is to cultivate and establish this spirit.

The poverty of the south Korean people does not result from the lack of some "spirit," but results from the harsh oppression and exploitation by the foreign monopolies, landlords, comprador capitalists and reactionary bureaucrats to which they are subjected, deprived of sovereignty under the foreign aggressors' military occupation and Pak Chong-hui puppet clique's fascist terror rule.

The "new village movement" also serves as a tool for kicking up a vicious "anti-communist" row among the south Korean people.

Blaring that the "new village movement is to oppose communism" and "prevent communist aggression," they worked out even a "plan for the advertisement of the new village movement," under which they set in motion all the

propaganda media on their payroll to incite the spirit of the north-south confrontation among the south Korean people every day.

This bespeaks that the "new village movement" is a dirty treacherous act designed to oppose the reunification and freeze the split.

The "new village movement" also serves as a veil for covering up the fascist suppression of the patriotic democratic forces demanding the democratization of social and political life in south Korea.

This is clear from the fact that the puppets harshly suppress and persecute the patriotic people, crying that this "movement" is intended to achieve "national harmony" based on "anti-communism" and "organize national strength."

The reactionary, anti-popular nature of the "new village movement" is well illustrated by the fact that this burlesque is part of their maneuvers to start a new war in Korea.

The Pak Chong-hui puppet clique force the south Korean youth and middle-aged into the puppet army and military drill and mobilize the people in "projects" for war preparations, rasping that this "movement" must not stay aloof from the control of the "evaders of military service" and "counter-espionage exercise."

The "new village movement" which the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique describe as a "movement for better living" and the like is a criminal row intended to step up the maneuvers of split, fascism, treachery and war for paralyzing the class and national awakening mounting among the south Korean people, intensifying the one-man fascist rule, blocking national reunification, perpetuating national split, selling the country and the nation hand in glove with the outside forces, disturbing peace and hastening war preparations.

The "new village movement" imposes new disasters and sufferings upon the south Korean people who are subjected to unbearable poverty and non-rights under the bestial terror rule of the Pak Chong-hui military fascists.

The south Korean people who clearly see the criminal nature of the "new village movement" through their actual life reject this "movement" in unison as a "campaign for prolonging power," "forcing military slave labor" upon them and "fattening the rich and plaguing the poor" and "imposing sufferings and death upon the peasants" and they are staunchly fighting against it.

With no amount of balderdash or frantic din can the Pak Chong-hui puppet clique cover up the dirty nature of the "new village movement."

FEATURES OF DPRK ELECTION SYSTEM LAUDED

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1013 GMT 23 Feb 77 OW

["Superiority of Election System of DPRK"--KCNA headline]

[Text] Pyongyang, 23 Feb, (KCNA)--An election of deputies to the local power organs will be held on 4 March in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Now our working people are striving hard to greet with elated political enthusiasm and big achievements in labor the forthcoming election which is of great significance in firmly building the local power organs, consolidating rock-firm the political foundation of the republic and accelerating the complete victory of socialism and the nation-wide victory of revolution.

Our election system codified by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in the socialist constitution is the most popular and democratic one. It concentrically reflects the essential superiority of our socialist system under which the working masses are the masters of everything and everything in society serves the working masses. It has characteristics fundamentally differing from that of bourgeoisie and superiority.

The important characteristic of our election system is that it is a political and legal means of defending and ensuring the independence and creativeness of the working class and other working masses. Under the election system of the republic, all the working people participate in the elections of deputies to the power organs with the rights to elect and to be elected and they are guaranteed all conditions to be elected deputies. Through the elections, the working masses take an active part in the politics of the state and its management and its masters.

This is the characteristic of our election system radically distinguishing it from the capitalist election system which is designed to set up the bourgeois dictatorship and violate and obliterate the independence and creativeness of the popular masses under the hypocritical slogans of "freedom" and defense of "human rights."

Another important characteristic of our election system is that it makes the elections a most auspicious jubilee for the popular masses.

The elections in our country are an important political work for defending and guaranteeing the independence and creativeness of the working classes, further strengthening the worker-peasant revolutionary power and accelerating the accomplishment of our people's revolutionary cause of *chuche* at faster pace.

They, therefore, are not a work of a small number of officials of state organs but a work of the entire working people in our country.

For this nature of the elections, a drive of loyalty is unfolded to greet them with high political enthusiasm and feats in labor and the polling stations are pervaded with a festive atmosphere in the very literal sense.

On the contrary, the elections in the bourgeois states have nothing to do with the working masses, but serve the billionaires. The polling stations are under a close watch of police and intelligence networks, and the elections are faked up through swindle, deception, bribery and suppression. A typical example of this is the elections in south Korea today.

The election system of our republic has not only characteristics distinguishing it from the bourgeois one, but also essential superiority.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: "The members of the people's committees are statesmen and servants of the people."

Ours is the most advanced and popular election system under which the revolutionaries of *chuche* type, the true servants of the people, infinitely faithful to the great leader are elected deputies to the power organs.

This clearly shows that ours is the most advanced and popular, superior election system incomparable to that of the capitalist countries which allows only the privileged classes to take the parliamentary seats and that of south Korea which makes only the successive traitors members of the "National Assembly."

The superiority of our election system also lies in the fact that it is a democratic election system practically guaranteeing full exercise of independence to all the working people.

The impeccable democratic nature of our election system is clearly manifested in the basic principle of elections.

The elections in our country are conducted on the principle of universal, equal and direct suffrage by secret ballot of the citizens above 17 everywhere the power of the republic is exercised. All the citizens, with

equal qualification, are granted the right to elect and to be elected, without any limitation or reservation or restriction.

The election system of the republic defines the most rational election organization and procedure along with the democratic principle and stipulates that the election expenses are paid out of the state budget and thus enables all the citizens to fully express their own true will.

All this shows that the election system of the republic is an election system practically guaranteeing the exercise of independence to all the working people.

In our country, the deputies to the power organs of all levels are responsible for their work to the electors and they are made to faithfully serve the people. This is another important superiority of the election system of the republic.

Our election system which was instituted by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and whose superiority all the working people have experienced through life is the most superior election system.

CSO: 4920

DPRK RAILWAY TRANSPORT WORKERS LAUNCH EMULATION DRIVE

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1530 GMT 19 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Feb, (KCNA)--The transport workers of the locomotive corps under the Ministry of Railways of our country are carrying over 20,000 tons of freight outside their daily plans by vigorously making a revolution in transport.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: "The priority front this year is the front of transportation."

True to this teaching of the great leader, the workers of the locomotive corps and railway stations, together with members of the Three-Revolution Teams, keep effecting innovations in transport by properly operating railways.

The locomotive corps under the Pyongyang Railway Administration are reporting signal successes in transportation through the powerful movement for winning the Red Flag of the Three Revolutions.

The transport workers of the West Pyongyang Locomotive Corps pledged themselves with intense loyalty to effect a great innovation in railway transportation and challenged the railway workers throughout the country to a socialist emulation. In the recent one month, they raised the operation rate of locomotives by 10 percent as compared with that at the end of last year and transported over 285,000 tons of freight outside their plan.

The Pyongyang Locomotive Corps carried over 360,000 tons of freight outside its monthly plan. A vigorous drive for non-breakdown operation and increased freight transportation is also afoot at the Kaechon Railway Administration.

The workers under the administration have recently transported over 105,000 tons of coal, iron ore, building materials and materials for farming outside their plan.

The Hamhung Railway Administration has striven hard to cut down the turn-round time of freight wagons by minutely organizing the transport. As a result, its daily commitment for freight transport is being fulfilled at 138 percent as compared with that in January.

The transport workers of each locomotive corps are advancing dynamically to attain their goal of 10 million kilometer non-breakdown operation and increased freight transportation.

CSO: 4920

KPA ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Tributes to Kim Il-song

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0346 GMT 23 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 23 Feb, (KCNA)--Functions celebrating the 29th anniversary of the founding of the heroic Korean People's Army were held in foreign countries, according to reports.

A photo exhibition, film show and cocktail party were held in the Hall of the People's Army in Belgrade.

Speeches were exchanged on the occasion by a vice director of the political department of the Federal Secretariat for National Defense of Yugoslavia and the DPRK ambassador.

Referring to the founding of the Korean People's Army, the vice director of the political department stressed that the history of the genuine revolutionary armed forces of the Korean people began when the outstanding revolutionary comrade Kim Il-song organized the first armed ranks to fight the Japanese imperialists and spoke of the shining militant course covered by the Korean People's Army.

Touching upon the development of the friendly relations between the two countries, he said: "the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is pushing ahead with the socialist construction at a high tempo under the leadership of the legendary leader Comrade Kim Il-song."

Present there were the director of the political department of the Federal Secretariat for National Defense of Yugoslavia and other generals and officers.

A meeting was held at the All-People Defense School in Yugoslavia.

A photo exhibition and film show took place in the el-Mouggar hall of Algeria. A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of President Houari Boumedienne were hung with due respect in the hall.

Film shows were held at the "Al Faiya" barracks and "Samori" barracks of Guinea and an officers' school of Burundi.

A Korean film week and photo exhibition took place in Guinea-Bissau.

Present at these functions were leading personages of party and government organs and public organizations, working people and army men of the host countries and diplomats of different embassies there.

Films of our countries were screened at the film shows and during the Korean Film Week.

Cocktails and Films

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0337 GMT 19 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Feb, (KCNA)--Cocktail parties and film shows were held recently at embassies of our country in China, Romania, Bulgaria, Cuba, Hungary, Poland, Mongolia, Albania, the German Democratic Republic, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Gambia on the occasion of the 29th anniversary of the founding of the heroic Korean People's Army, according to reports.

A photo exhibition was arranged at the Korean Cultural Center in Cairo, Egypt. Portraits of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song were placed with due respect in the meeting halls. On display there were immortal classic works of the great leader and photographs reviewing the course of the heroic struggle of the Korean People's Army.

The attendants of the cocktail parties toasted the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. Korean feature and documentary films were screened at the film shows and at the opening ceremony of the photo exhibition.

The photo exhibition in Cairo will be open for 1 month.

CSO: 4920

CHILEAN REVOLUTIONARIES SEND MESSAGE TO KIM IL-SONG

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0803 GMT 20 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Feb, (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the state of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message of solidarity sent by Andres Pascal Allende, general secretary of the Chilean left-wing revolutionary movement, supporting the new national salvation proposal advanced by the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations.

The message of solidarity said:

The Chilean left-wing revolutionary movement extends most revolutionary and fraternal greetings to you and to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and your government and people.

We sincerely hope that all the proposals put forward in a letter adopted at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of your country which was held in Pyongyang on 25 January 1977 in order to remove the danger of a nuclear war by U.S. imperialism and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea will be successfully realized and the reunification of your country be surely achieved.

While scheming to restore their position by suppressing the revolutionary forces since they sustained political, economic and military setbacks in Southeast Asia, the U.S. imperialists are now economically and militarily arming the south Korean puppet clique and counter-revolutionary forces and laying an obstacle to the reunification of Korea with their ceaseless aggressive machinations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

But the revolutionary and patriotic Korean people under your so dignified and brilliant leadership will certainly frustrate all the maneuvers of the imperialists and achieve the complete victory of national reunification.

The Chilean left-wing revolutionary movement, together with all the revolutionary forces of the world, expresses international support and solidarity for all the activities of the Workers' Party of Korea faithful to the principle of Marxism-Leninism and the struggle of your government and people.

We take this opportunity to extend our fraternal and revolutionary greetings once again to respected Comrade Kim Il-song and to the Central Committee of your party, the government and people of your country.

CSO: 4920

KWP RECEIVES SOLIDARITY MESSAGE FROM BENIN PARTY

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0351 GMT 22 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 22 Feb, (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers Party of Korea received a message of solidarity from the Central Committee of the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin supporting the new national salvation proposal put forth by a joint meeting of political parties and public organizations. The message said:

The Party of the People's Revolution of Benin acknowledges the receipt of the "letter to the political parties, public organizations and people of all strata in south Korea and compatriots overseas" which was adopted on 25 January 1977.

Owing to the provocative acts of the imperialist aggressors and the south Korean puppets persistently clinging to the "two Koreas" plot to perpetuate the division of your beloved country the danger of a nuclear war is further increasing in Korea and an actual menace to world peace is being created.

The measure taken by your country under the wise leadership of President Kim Il-song and the Workers Party of Korea is a new national salvation proposal for rallying all the patriotic democratic forces of various strata in the north and the south to reunify the divided country independently and peacefully and for checking and frustrating the evermore undisguised maneuvers of the imperialists and south Korean puppets to provoke a new war.

The Central Committee of the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin which is following the just road of building a new society and the anti-imperialist struggle and bringing peace and prosperity to the people came to know better about the justness of the struggle of your people through the dastardly aggressive action committed by the imperialists on 16 January 1977.

We firmly support the just efforts of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to avert a nuclear war in Korea and reunify the partitioned country in a peaceful way as early as possible.

Please accept our profound tribute to the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause of the Korean people.

Always get ready for revolution. The struggle will go on.

CSO: 4920

KWP GREETES CONGRESS OF BURMESE SOCIALIST PROGRAM PARTY

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0823 GMT 20 Feb 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Feb, (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea sent a message of greetings to the Third Congress of the Burmese Socialist Program Party. The message said:

The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea extends warm congratulations to the Third Congress of the Burmese Socialist Program Party and, through the congress, to the entire members of your party.

We believe that your congress will greatly contribute to strengthening and developing the struggle of your party and your people to consolidate national independence and achieve the prosperity and development of the country under the correct leadership of His Excellency President U Ne Win.

Convinced that the excellent relations of friendship and cooperation forged between the parties and peoples of our two countries will further strengthen and develop in the future, we wholeheartedly wish your congress great success in its work.

CSO: 4920

YOUTH URGED TO FIND, CULTIVATE NEW LAND

Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 10 Dec 76 p 1

[Editorial: "Let Us Find New Land and Create Youth Fields of Loyalty, Tend Them With Great Care and Thus Develop the Most Valuable Gifts of Loyalty"]

[Text] Today laborers and youth of the entire nation are holding high the five-point nature rebuilding program presented by the great leader Kim Il-song, and by unfailingly thrusting themselves into the struggle for its fulfillment they are achieving innovative results every day.

The 5-point nature rebuilding program, which makes the hearts of our people and youth throb with the hope for a more brilliant tomorrow and with faith in victory, is a wise measure based on the realistic demand that we must, and that it is possible to, develop our country's agricultural production more rapidly and also on the fact that we have scientifically calculated the impact of the cold front on agricultural production.

With the presentation of the five-point nature rebuilding program, the brilliant prospect opened up of being able to bring about a new upsurge in the agricultural production of our nation and in its socialist agrarian construction.

When the great leader presented the five-point nature rebuilding program, he attached special significance to finding new land and stressed the necessity for all people who depend on rice to join in the search for new land.

As the great leader has taught, under conditions where rice cannot be produced using industrial methods, it is positively essential that new land be found so that production of food grain crops be increased. In the achievement of this vital and glorious task, our youth--the new generation of chuche--must perform the role of vanguard.

All around us there is still to be found a large reserve of new land, and if our youth are resolved and buckle down, they can find new land through a variety of methods such as filling in bogs, eliminating field levees,

and making use of the land alongside railways and roads. Moreover, if the newly found land is carefully tended in the form of youth fields of loyalty, it can be a source of gratification for the beloved leader and the glorious Party Center.

This year members of the SWYL of Okto-ri, Yonggang County, and many rural sector SWYL members and youth headed by the SWYL of the state-operated Sukch'on Tidelands Farm, found new land, set up youth fields of loyalty, tended them with great care and thus achieved success in the production of a large amount of food grain crops.

On the youth fields of loyalty created from the newly found land, the youth of the state-operated Sukch'on Tidelands Farm produced, from pure socialist labor, 600 bags of unhulled rice. This was a gift of loyalty which gratified the great leader.

The benevolent Party Center expressed great appreciation to the youth for the results achieved in the youth fields of loyalty movement and for their exemplary conduct, and extended overflowing congratulations to them.

This constitutes yet another [example of the] unparalleled love and concern given to our youth by the fatherly leader and the benevolent Party Center, and serves as powerful stimulation for the youth fields of loyalty movement.

All youth and members of the SWYL must, with a passion of boundless loyalty to the fatherly leader and the Party Center, launch forth ever more boldly and daringly in the movement to find new land. They must launch a vigorous struggle to transform the new land into youth fields of loyalty and to carefully cultivate them.

The decisive guarantee for achieving results in finding new land and creating youth fields of loyalty and carefully tending them lies in SWYL members and youth being mobilized ideologically in the movement and having the lofty determination that through the youth fields of loyalty movement they will bring joy to the great leader and the glorious Party Center.

The great leader, Marshall Kim Il-song, taught as follows:

"The decisive factor which enables us to reap accomplishments and victory in the work of revolution or construction is the workers' self-enlightened zeal and political resolve to devote themselves to serving the fatherland and the people."

The youth fields of loyalty movement is an august movement which creates a model for the accomplishment of the great chuche agricultural method elucidated by the fatherly leader; it is a glorious movement for cultivating boundless loyalty to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center and to give joy to the great leader and the benevolent Party Center in a

practical manner through the process of performing with social labor all the agricultural work, from the finding of new land to planting the seeds, cultivating them and producing more grains.

Furthermore, by firm adherence to the five-point nature rebuilding program unfolded by the great leader, the movement represents a noble struggle toward early achievement of the production goal of 10 million tons of food grain crops, and is a fruitful struggle which allows our youth to demonstrate, unreservedly, their power as the guards, the do-or-die unit, the shock brigade of the beloved leader and the glorious Party Center.

In particular, from now on the actively seeking out of new lands, preparing youth fields of loyalty and cultivating them with care will be our youths' gift of loyalty movement to further glorify, with a high degree of political enthusiasm and labor successes, the upcoming year, during which we celebrate the 65th birthday of the fatherly leader; to celebrate this, our peoples' most felicitous day, and to give joy to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center.

All SWYL organizations and functionaries must drive home among the youths the objectives and significance of the youth fields of loyalty movement, which is progressing at a new pitch, as well as the experiences of units which have already created brilliant examples in the youth fields of loyalty movement and must make them throw themselves into the movement with higher fervor and resolve.

Therefore, everyone must be made to treat each minute and each second as a priceless treasure and to throw themselves into the movement to search for new land, and made to expand the area of the youth fields of loyalty, if only by a single pyong, and to positively improve it with a master-like work attitude.

In order for the youth fields of loyalty movement to become a substantial battle to create gifts of loyalty, there must be inner support in the form of a concrete organizational plan.

Inasmuch as the youth fields of loyalty movement is, in every respect, based on the cultivating by social labor of the new lands found by the SWYL members, realistic struggle goals must be set forth, in conformity with the specific environment, conditions and manpower; once these goals are set forth they must be vigorously pursued until they are accomplished without fail.

SWYL organs and primary level activists should tenaciously seek out each and every avenue that would enable them to find new land, avenues such as eliminating unnecessary field levees and stone walls, removing rocks from fields, making use of the land alongside railways and highways, and filling in bogs. They must give work assignments in keeping with the scale and volume of work.

At the same time, they must organize and mobilize the youth to the struggle to upgrade the newly found land in accordance with soil conditions. To this end land that allows water run-off must be spread with earth so that run-off won't occur, and water-soaked land must be channeled with porous landfill so that water will drain off properly.

The production of large amounts of humus and good quality fertilizer is one of the most important factors in defending against the effects of cold fronts, and for decisively increasing the amount of food grain crops on the youth fields of loyalty.

All levels of SWYL organizations must set forth the bold objective of producing at least 30 tons of humus soil and fertilizer per chongbo on youth fields of loyalty, and summon the youth to the task.

Therefore, we must have SWYL members and youth mobilize every single fertilizer source and launch a fertilizer production assault by various methods such as charring soil for fertilizer, production of humus, digging of peat, production of hog manure and collection of scattered compost and have them apply these fertilizers they have produced to the youth fields of loyalty in accordance with the various needs.

If the intent is to cultivate the youth fields of loyalty as model fields exemplifying the implementation of the chuche agricultural method, then those who are directly in charge--the SWYL members and youth--must be in possession of the necessary scientific technical knowledge to allow them to do so.

From here on in, all levels of SWYL organizations must, in consultation with the technical functionaries, verify the seeds to be planted in the youth fields of loyalty according to the principle of "the right crop on the right land" and, by strengthening technical study, enable all youths to possess a wealth of knowledge concerning the demands of chuche agricultural methods as well as soil science, biology and fertilizer science.

Therefore, all the work performed by SWYL members in cultivating the youth fields of loyalty, starting with the improvement of the newly found land, must be done in a manner consistent with thoroughly meeting the requirements of chuche agricultural method and in accordance with scientific and technical principles.

In the struggle to find new land and create youth fields of loyalty, and to cultivate them as model fields that carry out the chuche agricultural method, the results will be influenced by how vigorously the SWYL organizations and functionaries, holding the banner and standing in the van, sound the bugle and beat the drum.

Inasmuch as this movement is being carried out as an important traditional movement to give joy to the fatherly leader and the glorious party, SWYL

organizations at all levels must, perforce, regard the youth fields of loyalty movement as one of the most important projects among the youth movements in our country today and must devote committee concern to it.

In finding new lands and improving them, of course they must keep youth fields of loyalty diaries and set an example even in the matter of recording them and publicizing them and must take firm control of this work as a matter of course.

At the same time, all SWYL functionaries, holding high the slogan, "In production, study and life--in the manner of the anti-Japanese guerrillas," must leap into the reality of the fierce struggle and lead the SWYL members as exemplary models who are the first to put their shoulders to the task at every turn. And in that reality they must ambitiously carry out political propaganda and economic agitation suitable to the combat situation.

The struggle to find new land, create youth fields of loyalty and steadfastly cultivate them is a glorious movement of loyalty of our SWYL members and youth, who were born to the bosom of the fatherly leader and have grown up as the new generation of chuche and who regard the giving of great joy to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center as the sum and substance of life and struggle.

With the blazing flame of the campaign to capture the red flag of the three revolutions on high, let us all carry out the youth fields of loyalty movement even more substantively and thereby prepare a more valuable gift of loyalty next year, when we celebrate the 65th birthday of the fatherly leader.

9062

CSO: 4908

CH'ONGJIN-MUSAN RAILROAD ELECTRIFICATION PROJECT COMPLETED AHEAD OF SCHEDULE

Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 23 Jan 77 p 1

[Congratulatory Letter to the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade Members and Railroad Builders Who Have Taken Part in the Ch'ongjin-Musan Railroad Electrification Project]

[Text] The Korean Workers Party Central Committee, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea Central People's Committee and Administration Council hereby extend warm congratulations to the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and railroad builders on having completed the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project successfully ahead of schedule, energetically waging their battle of loyalty in faithful response to the call of the great leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il-song.

The opening to traffic of the electric railroad between Ch'ongjin and Musan is another landmark in the struggle to realize the grand plan of the great leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il-song for railroad electrification, an event of major importance in strengthening the political and economic might of the country through developing the steel industry with priority to the extractive industry and in further improving the material and cultural standards of living for the people.

The Youth Shock Brigade members and railroad builders took to heart the absolutism and unconditionality of the great leader's instructions. From the first day they grappled with the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project they demonstrated heightened revolutionary fervor and creative positivity to the hilt and worked another miracle by successfully completing the difficult, enormous project in not much more than 6 months.

You comrades have won the glory of giving a big joy to the great leader who has been dedicating his entire life to the restoration of the fatherland and the happiness of the people by presenting to him a gift of loyalty in the form of these priceless labor exploits on the occasion of the anniversary of the historic day when the great leader first set out on "the thousand-li travel to restoration" with his far-reaching plan for fatherland restoration.

This constitutes an admirable example on a new higher plane of the spotless, pure loyalty of the working class and youths of our era to the great leader.

The lofty loyalty, mass heroism and labor exploits of the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and railroad builders shall be shining for a long time to come, along with the growth and prosperity of the beloved socialist fatherland.

The KWP Central Committee and the DPRK Central People's Committee and Administration Council highly appraise the boundless loyalty and labor exploits of the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and railroad builders dedicated to the great leader and the glorious party.

Today, facing us are the crucial revolutionary tasks to advance independent fatherland reunification and the complete victory of socialism by more energetically accelerating the three revolutions--ideological, technical and cultural--in loyal response to the New Year's Message of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

It is the transportation front into which we must put the greatest of effort this year; and giving priority to the transportation front is an important guarantee for successfully scaling a new height, consolidating the height already occupied.

In his New Year's Message the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"We must make this year a year of giving priority to the transportation front. On the transportation front we must simultaneously develop overland transportation and marine transportation while maintaining rail transportation as the key link. In order to increase rail transportation capacities we must continue to accelerate railroad electrification on the one hand and decisively step up the production of electric locomotives, internal combustion locomotives, 60-ton class freight cars and also produce various types of special freight cars such as oil cars in large quantities."

You comrades must give a big joy to the great leader by taking on and carrying out the Tanch'on-Komdok and Kilchu-Hyesan railroad electrification projects in loyal response to the teachings of the great leader for continuing to accelerate railroad electrification for giving priority to the transportation front.

Keenly aware of the glorious duties assigned by the great leader, and demonstrating collective heroism and widely launching a technical innovations movement in valiantly breaking through the barriers in the way in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance from the stand of the masters of revolution, members of the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade and railroad builders must complete the new railroad electrification projects qualitatively ahead of schedule and tender reports of loyalty to the great leader.

You comrades must prepare yourselves even better as chuche-oriented communist revolutionary fighters forever loyal to the great leader, reliable workers for socialist and communist construction by thoroughly arming yourselves with the revolutionary thought of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the immortal chuche ideology and consciously, faithfully participating in organizational life.

The KWP Central Committee and the DPRK Central People's Committee and Administration Council firmly believe that the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and railroad builders will respond in loyalty to the high political trust and expectations of the great leader by energetically waging the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions and even more admirably fulfilling the glorious duties assigned to them.

The Korean Workers Party Central Committee and
Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

22 January 1977

[Article by staff reporter Pak Won-sang and special correspondent Kim Tong-ch'an: "A Gift of Loyalty to the Great Leader and the Glorious Party, Formal Opening of the Electric Railroad Between Ch'ongjin and Musan"]

[Text] This year a significant year marking the 65th birthday of Marshal Kim Il-song the fatherly leader whom our people have waited thousands of years to loyally attend.

On 22 January the historical date when the great leader first set out on "the thousand-li travel to restoration" with his far-reaching plan for fatherland restoration, our Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and youth railroad builders victoriously completed the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project, giving a great joy to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center.

On that date at Ch'ongjin a city in the northern part of our fatherland an impressive ceremony was held to mark the opening to traffic of the electric railroad between Ch'ongjin and Musan.

In the center behind the podium of the meeting place for the ceremony was posted respectfully a portrait of the great leader of our party and people Marshal Kim Il-song, genius of the revolution, the sun of the nation, the legendary hero.

Also posted at the meeting place were slogans "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" "Long live the glorious Korean Workers Party!" and good wishes "We wish the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song good health."

In addition, everywhere at the meeting place were posted billboards bearing the instructions of the great leader "We must make this year a year of giving

priority to the transportation front" and such slogans as "Let us become guards, do-or-die unit forever loyal to the great leader!" "Let us become bodyguards, shock brigade forever loyal to the glorious Party Center!" "Ideology, technology, and culture--all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" and "Production, study, and life--all in accordance with the anti-Japanese guerrilla style!"

Standing by in the station yard waiting for the your to begin pulling a long train marking the beginning of service was Saroch'ong [SWYL] Red Flag Electric Locomotive No 5112, the forward part of which was beautifully decorated with flowers and multicolor tapes with a portrait of the great leader respectfully placed in the center.

Present at the ceremony were members of the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade and railroad builders who have distinguished themselves by brilliant labor exploits highly demonstrating mass heroism and creative wisdom in completing the project fueling the flames of the campaign for capturing the red flag of the three revolutions, and workers, youths, and students of Ch'ongjin city in large numbers.

Also attending the ceremony were Comrade Yim Ch'un-ch'u and functionaries of relevant branches Pak Yong-sok, Kim Ch'i-ku, Chi Chae-ryong, O Hyon-chu and Pak Ch'ang-sik.

How awe-inspiring has been the struggle for this hour, each day of struggle embroidered with creativity and exploit indeed? On this memorable day every heart of the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and youth railroad builders was pulsating with the great glory and pride of presenting a gift of loyalty to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center.

The ceremony began with the thunderous singing of the immortal revolutionary song "A Song of General Kim Il-song."

First, amid a storm of applause Comrade Yim Ch'un-ch'u conveyed a congratulatory letter of the KWP Central Committee and the DPRK government addressed, at the direction of the great leader, to the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and railroad builders who have taken part in the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project.

Moved with surging feelings of gratitude and stirring emotions by the boundless love and concern once again bestowed warmly by the great leader the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and youth railroad builders shouted and shouted loudly "Long live the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song!"

At the meeting SWYL Central Committee Chairman Chi Chae-ryong delivered the keynote report; and Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade 2d regiment, 4th battalion chief of staff Yun Se-pok and an electric railroad regiment trackman Ch'oe Yong-ch'ol spoke in the ensuing discussion.

The keynoter and the speakers in the ensuing discussion gave stirring accounts of the precious labor exploits in completing in not much more than six months the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project, an event of major significance in strengthening the political and economic might of the country and further improving the material and cultural standards of living for the people, and of the great glory and happiness of presenting a gift of loyalty to the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center.

They went on to state that the magnanimous benevolence and love ceaselessly bestowed by the fatherly leader and the glorious Party Center upon our Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade members and youth railroad builders are an immortal epic generations are not enough to recite fully, an eternal source of strength fueling the fire of loyalty and fervor of creativity in every youthful heart; and they gave glory and gratitude to the great leader and the glorious Party Center in the highest, expressing the boundless adoration and unanimous loyalty of the entire youths and railroad builders of our country for rearing members of the Shock Brigade and youth railroad builders as the shock brigade of socialist and communist construction bearing the brunt of difficult, heavy labor in carrying through the party policy, as dynamic revolutionaries of the reliable political unit for the chuche revolutionary cause.

The great leader Marshal Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"SWYL organizations and youths must, just as they did in bygone days, continue to be out front bearing the brunt of difficult, heavy labor the party calls for; and they must more energetically launch the youth shock brigade movement on all fronts of socialist construction."

The keynoter and the speakers in the ensuing discussion emphasized that to give joy to the great leader and the glorious Party Center is the loftiest duty and highest glory of we the Youth Shock Brigade and youth railroad builders, remarking that loyally upholding the teachings of the fatherly leader for putting great efforts this year into resolving the strained transportation situation, we must complete the Tanch'on-Komdok and Kilchu-Hyesan railroad electrification projects with dispatch within this year, a year of the greatest national congratulation on the 65th birthday of the respected and beloved leader, a year which we must make stand out with an even greater brilliance by the completion of the two projects.

To this end, they stressed that under the revolutionary slogans of the party "ideology, technology, and culture--all in accordance with the demands of chuche!" and "production, study, and life--all in accordance with the anti-Japanese guerrilla style!" with youthful vigor and fighting spirit and fervor full to overflowing all must revolutionarily work, study and live, and through strengthening organization life, ceaselessly revolutionize themselves on the one hand and register a new loyalty speed every day at all outposts and work sites.

They went on to express firm resolution that the honor unit and do-or-die unit for the great leader, and the bodyguard unit and shock brigade for the

glorious Party Center, the Youth Shock Brigade members and youth railroad builders will brilliantly fulfill the militant tasks laid down by the fatherly leader in his latest New Year's Message, thus advancing independent fatherland reunification and the victory of our revolutionary cause.

[Amid thunderous applause the meeting adopted a letter of pledge to the great leader of our party and people Marshal Kim Il-song.]

The meeting came to an end with the singing of the song "We Wish the Leader Good Health."

Immediately thereafter was cut, amid loud shouting of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song!" and "Long live the glorious Korean Workers Party!" the ceremonial red ribbon in front of the train marking the beginning of the electric railroad service between Ch'ongjin and Musan and in the continuing thunderous applause the train pulled out bound for the great iron ore base, Musan, loudly blowing the whistle of loyalty.

On the same day, an electric train left Musan carrying concentrated ore, energetically raced along the track and reached Kimch'aek Iron Works, amid a storm of applause of the working class and youth steel production fighters of Kimch'aek Combined Iron Works.

12153

CSO: 4 908

FACTORIES ASSIST RAILWAY FREIGHT STATION CONSTRUCTION

Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 21 Feb 77 SK

[Text] The factories and enterprises in North Hamgyong Province are assisting in the construction work on centralized freight stations. The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows: "The front, above all, concerning which we must exert our efforts this year is the transportation front."

The workers of the factories and enterprises in North Hamgyong Province, who are launching a vigorous struggle for supporting the railroad transportation sector, upholding the teachings of the great leader, are vigorously assisting in the construction work on the centralized freight stations on a mass scale. In accordance with the railroad transportation sector plan, the workers of the factories and enterprises in North Hamgyong Province are vigorously pushing ahead with the construction work on centralized freight stations at the unloading yards for such large cargos as coal, ore, cement, logs and fertilizer.

While explaining and permeating among the masses the significance of the construction of centralized freight stations for the railroad transportation sector under the guidance of the party organizations, the factories and enterprises in North Hamgyong Province are planning their organizational work in a detailed manner in order to speed up and expedite the construction work on the stations.

Being deeply cognizant of the fact that the centralized freight stations have a great significance in demonstrating the superiority of the centralized transportation system set forth by the great leader and in easing the strain on transportation, the workers of the Kimchaek steel complex have completed their assigned construction work on a centralized freight station far ahead of schedule by daily whipping up the flames of the speed battle to erect large-scale coal and log unloading yards and cement warehouses in a short period of time.

The workers of the Songjin steel mill, who are engaging in the construction work on a centralized freight station, have completed the construction

work on their cargo-unloading yard and warehouse ahead of schedule and, at the same time, have even manufactured new large-type cranes for use in unloading logs.

The workers of the (Yongkwang) chemical plant, the (Saechong) grain-processing plant, the Musan mine and the Kilchu pulp plant have also successfully completed their assigned construction work on centralized freight stations in a short period of time by mobilizing all available labor forces, facilities and resources.

By dint of the vigorous support by the workers of the factories and enterprises in North Hamgyong Province, who have risen up cherishing a loyalty to allay the special concern of the great leader, recently many new centralized freight stations have been constructed.

CSO: 4908

BIOGRAPHIC INFORMATION ON DPRK PERSONALITIES AND KOREANS IN JAPAN

[Biographic information extracted from Korean language sources published in Pyongyang.]

Ch'oe Won-ik

Appointed Minister of Public Security by decree of Kim Il-song (NODONG SINMUN 26 Dec 76 p 1)

Chong Chun-ki

Candidate member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the KWP and vice premier of the Administration Council of the DPRK (MINJU CHOSON 27 Jan 77 p 2)

Chong Ch'un-sil (female)

Labor Hero and head of the commerce management center of Chonch'on County; she wrote an article in MINJU CHOSON supporting a DPRK unification proposal (MINJU CHOSON 28 Jan 77 p 3)

Chong Hwak-sil (female)

Chief of the reception section of the Haebangsan Inn; awarded the title of meritorious receptionist by decree of Kim Il-song (MINJU CHOSON 23 Jan 77 p 1)

Chong Tong-ch'ol

Removed from his position as Procurator General of the Central Procurator's Office in connection with a reassignment, according to a decree of the Central People's Committee (NODONG SINMUN 26 Dec 76 p 1)

Ham Kum-chu

Performer with the Mansudae Art Troupe; named Meritorious Performer by decree of Kim Il-song dated 2 January 1977 (MINJU CHOSON 4 Jan 77 p 1)

Han Pok-kil

Head of the central command unit of the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade, he was awarded the title of Labor Hero of the DPRK by decree of Kim Il-song in recognition of his work in the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project (MINJU CHOSON 23 Jan 77 p 1)

Han T'ae-ho

Named Labor Hero of the DPRK in a decree of Kim Il-song for his outstanding work in the design and construction of the Mansudae Art Theater (MINJU CHOSON 15 Jan 77 p 1)

Hong Pong-su

A vice-chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the GAKRJ; he was awarded the Order of Labor by decree of Kim Il-song (NODONG SINMUN 20 Jan 77 p 1)

Kang Nung-hwa

Table tennis instructor with the 8 February Athletic Team; awarded title of Meritorious Athlete by decree of Kim Il-song on 29 Dec 1976 (MINJU CHOSON 31 Dec 76 p 1)

Kim Ku-hwal

Named Labor Hero of the DPRK by decree of Kim Il-song for outstanding work in the design and construction of the Mansudae Art Theater (MINJU CHOSON 15 Jan 77 p 1)

Kim Tal-pong

Headed a KWP party functionary delegation which visited Cuba at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party (NODONG SINMUN 12 Jan 77 p 4)

Kye Ung-t'ae

Appointed vice premier of the State Administration Council by decree of Kim Il-song, dated 11 December 1976 (NODONG SINMUN 13 Dec 76 p 1) Vice premier and Minister of Foreign Trade; a member of the DPRK delegation headed by Pak Song-ch'ol which visited the Soviet Union (NODONG SINMUN 26 Jan 77 p 1)

Nam Chong-ki

Work company leader in the electrified railroad construction regiment of the Ministry of Railways; he was awarded the title of Labor Hero of the DPRK by decree of Kim Il-song in recognition of his work in the Ch'ongjin-Musan railroad electrification project (MINJU CHOSON 23 Jan 77 p 1)

O Chin-u

General, KPA; Chief of the General Staff. He headed a KPA delegation which visited Pakistan (NODONG SINMUN 31 Jan 77 p 2)

Pak Hyon-po

A functionary of the sector concerned; he greeted the new Finnish ambassador to the DPRK upon his arrival at Pyongyang Station (MINJU CHOSON 29 Jan 77 p 4)

Pak Son-sil (female)

A clerk in the Pyongyang Childrens Department Store; she was awarded the title of Meritorious Store Clerk by decree of Kim Il-song (MINJU CHOSON 23 Jan 77 p 1)

So Chin-yong

Appointed DPRK ambassador to Comoros by decree of the DPRK Central Peoples Committee (MINJU CHOSON 21 Jan 77 p 2)

T'ae Pyong-yol

Author of a long NODONG SINMUN article on the occasion of the 18th anniversary of the founding of the Red Worker-Peasant Militia (NODONG SINMUN 14 Jan 77 p 2)

Won Tong-ku

A functionary of the sector concerned; he was present at a meeting between Premier Pak Song-ch'ol and a Cuban economic and scientific-technical delegation which visited the DPRK (NODONG SINMUN 14 Dec 76)

Yi Chi-su

A shipyard is known as the Shipyard Where Comrade Yi Chi-su Works (NODONG SINMUN 20 Jan 77 p 3)

Yi Ch'on-chu

A factory which manufactures coal cars and mining equipment is known as the Factory Where Comrade Yi Ch'on-chu Works (MINJU CHOSON 15 Jan 77 p 2)

Yi Chin-su

Appointed Procurator General of the Central Procurator's Office by decree of the Central People's Committee (NODONG SINMUN 26 Dec 76 p 1)

Yi Chong-ok

Appointed vice premier of the State Administration Council by decree of Kim Il-song dated 11 December 1976 (NODONG SINMUN 13 Dec 76 p 1)

Yi Won-kwan

A specialist in the machine industry sector, he worked as the manager in various factories in the machine industry sector and made contributions to the technical revolution, particularly in improving tools and facilities. He made contributions to the struggle to produce more efficient and economical machine facilities needed in economic construction and defense. In recognition of these contributions he was named a Labor Hero by decree of Kim Il-song (NODONG SINMUN 12 Dec 76 p 1)

CSO: 4908

APPEARANCE LISTS FOR DPRK PERSONALITIES

[The following lists of DPRK government and KWP officials have been extracted from Korean language sources published in Pyongyang. Order and titles of the original source have been preserved, but names have been presented in tabular form for ease of recognition.]

DPRK DELEGATION LEAVES--Seeing off a DPRK party and government delegation on 14 January on its way to visit Iraq were the following officials:

Kim Tong-kyu	comrade
So Ch'ol	"
Yi Chong-ok	"
So Kwan-hi	functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Sok-ki	"
Chong Song-nam	"
Kim Kwan-sop	"
Kim Kil-hyon	"
Chang Chong-hwan	"
Han Si-hae	"
Pang T'ae-yul	"
Yi Ung-ku	"

[Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 15 Jan 77 p 1]

PYONGYANG TRADE UNION RALLY--Attending a rally of members of the Pyongyang General Federation of Trade Unions on 14 January to support the struggle for increased compost were:

Kim Kuk-hun	functionary of the sector concerned
Kang Hyon-su	"
Kang Hui-won	"
Yi Chong-sik	"

A report was delivered by Yi Pyong-ch'an. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 15 Jan 77 p 1]

FREE MEDICAL CARE COMMEMORATED--Attending a central report meeting on 18 January to mark the 25th anniversary of the Kim Il-song instruction to institute free medical care in the DPRK were the following officials:

Kang Yang-uk	comrade
Yim Ch'un-ch'u	"
Yang Hyong-sop	"
Kim Sok-ki	functionary of the sector concerned

The report was given by Pak Myong-pin. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 19 Jan 77 p 1]

GERMAN DELEGATION WELCOMED--Attending a banquet given by the KWP Central Committee on 18 January to welcome a delegation of the German Socialist Party were the following:

Yun Ki-pok	comrade
Kim Kil-hyon	functionary of the sector concerned
Kang Chong-yun	"

Comrade Yun Ki-pok gave a speech. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 20 Jan 77 p 3]

NIGERIANS VISIT HAMHUNG--A Nigerian government delegation visiting South Hamgyong Province was greeted at the airport on 17 January by the following:

Kim Hyong-chong	functionary of the sector concerned
Pak Kyong-hwan	"
Paek Hak-yon	"

The Nigerian delegation was accompanied by So Kwan-hi, a functionary of the sector concerned. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 21 Jan 77 p 5]

CADRES EXPRESS CONDOLENCES--The following officials visited the Yugoslav Embassy on 21 January to express their condolences on the death of Comrade Dzamal Bijedic, president of the Federal Executive Council of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia:

Kim Tong-kyu	comrade
Yang Hyong-sop	"
Kong Chin-t'ae	"
Chong Song-nam	functionary of the sector concerned
Yi Ch'ol-pong	"
Kim Si-hak	"
Son Song-p'il	"
Kim Kil-hyon	"

[Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 22 Jan 77 p 2]

RAILROAD LINE OPENS--Participating in the opening ceremonies for the Ch'ongjin-Musan railway line held on 22 January in Ch'ongjin were the following:

Yim Ch'un-ch'u	comrade
Pak Yong-sok	functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Ch'i-ku	"
Chi Chae-yong	"
O Hyon-chu	"
Pak Ch'ang-sik	"

[Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 23 Jan 77 p 1]

ELECTRIC RAILWAY OPENING--Attending the opening ceremonies for the Ch'ongjin-Musan electric railroad on 22 January were the following:

Yim Ch'un-ch'u	comrade
Pak Yong-sok	functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Ch'i-ku	"
Chi Chae-yong	"
O Hyon-chu	"
Pak Ch'ang-sik	"

A report was given by Chi Chae-yong, chairman of the central committee of the Socialist Working Youth League. [Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 23 Jan 77 p 1]

GREETING PAK SONG-CH'OL--At the airport to greet DPRK Premier Pak Song-ch'ol on his return from a visit to the Soviet Union on 27 January were the following:

Kim Tong-kyu	comrade
So Ch'ol	"
Yang Hyong-sop	"
Hyon Mu-kwang	"
Kong Chin-t'ae	"
Kim Kwan-sop	functionary of the sector concerned
Chong Song-nam	"
Yi Chong-mok	"
Yi Ch'ol-pong	"
Kim Kil-hyon	"
Chang Chong-hwan	"
Pang T'ae-yul	"
Yi Ung-ku	"

[Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 28 Jan 77 p 1]

SEEING OFF MILITARY DELEGATION--Seeing off a military delegation headed by the Chief of the General Staff Gen. O Chin-u on its way to Pakistan on 27 January were the following:

So Ch'ol	comrade
Yang Hyong-sop	"
Yi Yong-mu	"
Kim Kil-hyon	functionary of the sector concerned
Yi Chong-mok	"
Kim Pong-nyul	"
Chang Chong-hwan	"

[Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 28 Jan 77 p 2]

CSO: 4908

BRIEFS

NAMING OF CHOLLIMA PLANTS--The Central Committee of the Korean General Federation of Trade Union has awarded the designation "Chollima" or "Twice Chollima" to the following plants, enterprises and work teams which are successfully accomplishing the three revolutions and advancing to the movement to win the Red Flag of the Three Revolutions and the Chollima Work Team Movement: (Taecheon) Disabled Veterans Food-processing Plant; Kanggye Youth Power Plant; the Enterprise Where Comrade Yi Chong-hyon Works; the Enterprise Where Comrade Pak To-sil Works; the (Taecheon) County Trucking Station; Processing Shop No 2 and 19 other shops of the 4 June Rolling Stock Plant; Chollima Work Team No 4 and 162 other Chollima work teams of the weaving shop of the Kusong Textile Mill; and the Sand-mixing Work Team and 480 other work teams of the shops of the Kumsong Tractor Plant. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2300 GMT 22 Feb 77 SK]

TRUCK TRANSPORTATION--Transportation workers of the Onpan trucking station in North Hwanghae Province have completed their cargo transportation plans for both January and February 15 days ahead of schedule. They are pushing ahead with transportation work in order to complete their transportation plan for the first half of this year before 15 April. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 24 Feb 77 SK]

MUNCHON COAL MINE--The Munchon coal mine has registered an upsurge in coal production through accelerated excavation by the mine's tunneling and coal-cutting platoons, which have reported excavation gains ranging from 30 to 50 percent over the last month. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 20 Feb 77 SK]

ORE PRODUCTION--The Musan mine has registered an innovation in ore production, increasing production by 30 percent over the same period of last year. The tunneling teams took the lead by overfulfilling their daily quota by 40 percent. A team, employing an advanced production method, has produced an additional 1,000 tons of ore daily. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0100 GMT 18 Feb 77 SK] The Hyangdo mine has increased ore production by 30 percent over last month through advanced methods of using

explosives and fast drilling. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 20 Feb 77 SK] The Hyesan youth mine has overfulfilled its ore production quota for February this year by 103 percent as of 25 February by improving blasting techniques. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0300 GMT 28 Feb 77 SK]

STEEL PRODUCTION--The Kangson steel complex in South Pyongan Province has overfulfilled its daily steel production quota by 115 percent by using improved facilities and a new melting technique. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0300 GMT 18 Feb 77 SK]

WONSAN CARGO WORK--The sea transportation workers of Wonsan port have achieved transportation gains. In cargo transport, the vessel Onpo took the lead in carrying some 100 tons of additional cargo in comparison to the same period last year. Vessels No 2903 and No 2925 also registered gains in cargo transport. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0001 GMT 18 Feb 77 SK]

TRAILER PRODUCTION--The Sonchon trailer plant of late has overfulfilled its daily trailer production quota 1.5 times, upholding Kim Il-song's instructions regarding supplying trailers in great quantities to the rural areas. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0300 GMT 28 Feb 77 SK]

CHONGJU RAILWAY MAINTENANCE--Transportation workers of the Chongju Railway maintenance team are marking gains in repair and maintenance of railways. Daily quotas are overfulfilled by two to three times. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0300 GMT 1 Mar 77 SK]

PYONGYANG POWER PLANT--Workers of the Pyongyang thermal power plant as of 27 February have fulfilled their power production quota for February by producing more electricity per hour through improvements in operating the facilities. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 27 Feb 77 SK]

CHONGCHON-KANG POWER PLANT--The construction workers of the Chongchon-Kang thermal power plant are accelerating the construction of the plant. Having completed the assembly of one generator, the youth construction workers have increased their speed in erecting the next generator and boiler room. [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0001 GMT 18 Feb 77 SK]

GREETINGS TO KUWAIT--Pyongyang, 25 Feb, (KCNA)--Foreign Minister Ho Tam sent a message of greetings on 24 February to Sabah al-Ahmad al-Jabir, minister of foreign affairs of the State of Kuwait, on the National Day of the State of Kuwait. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0358 GMT 25 Feb 77 OW]

CSO: 4920

ERRATUM

In JPRS 68713, 2 March 1977, No. 513 of this series, article entitled: "Korean Women Urged To Be More Loyal to Kim Il-song," page 31, please replace second paragraph with the following:

Comrade Kim Chong-suk, an indomitable communist revolutionary fighter and outstanding female political activist performed immortal meritorious services which will shine brilliantly in the history of the revolutionary struggle of our people by protecting at the risk of her life the revolutionary headquarters politically and ideologically in any adversity; by going out to many districts even while they were under the heavy guard of the Japanese imperialists and organizing and expanding womens' associations; and by energetically carrying out the work of arming the broad masses of women with the revolutionary ideology of the great leader and urging them to wage an active struggle for the restoration of the fatherland and the liberation of women.

END